

71433 to 71796—Continued.

71698. No. 108.	71744. No. 231.
71699. No. 109.	71745. No. 232.
71700. No. 113.	71746. No. 234.
71701. No. 116.	71747. No. 242.
71702. No. 120.	71748. No. 243.
71703. No. 121.	71749. No. 245.
71704. No. 122.	71750. No. 248.
71705. No. 126.	71751. No. 252.
71706. No. 129.	71752. No. 253.
71707. No. 133.	71753. No. 258.
71708. No. 137.	71754. No. 261.
71709. No. 144.	71755. No. 262.
71710. No. 146.	71756. No. 263.
71711. No. 151.	71757. No. 266.
71712. No. 153.	71758. No. 269.
71713. No. 154.	71759. No. 270.
71714. No. 159.	71760. No. 274.
71715. No. 167.	71761. No. 281.
71716. No. 170.	71762. No. 284.
71717. No. 172.	71763. No. 286.
71718. No. 174.	71764. No. 292.
71719. No. 178.	71765. No. 296.
71720. No. 179.	71766. No. 298.
71721. No. 180.	71767. No. 299.
71722. No. 181.	71768. No. 300.
71723. No. 182.	71769. No. 304.
71724. No. 186.	71770. No. 305.
71725. No. 187.	71771. No. 307.
71726. No. 188.	71772. No. 310.
71727. No. 189.	71773. No. 314.
71728. No. 194.	71774. No. 315.
71729. No. 195.	71775. No. 324.
71730. No. 198.	71776. No. 327.
71731. No. 200.	71777. No. 329.
71732. No. 201.	71778. No. 330.
71733. No. 205.	71779. No. 332.
71734. No. 206.	71780. No. 335.
71735. No. 207.	71781. No. 342.
71736. No. 213.	71782. No. 343.
71737. No. 214.	71783. No. 352.
71738. No. 217.	71784. No. 353.
71739. No. 218.	71785. No. 354.
71740. No. 219.	71786. No. 360.
71741. No. 225.	71787. No. 361.
71742. No. 226.	71788. No. 363.
71743. No. 229.	

Numbers 71789 and 71790 are early varieties.

71789. No. 2. 71790. No. 8.

Numbers 71791 to 71796 are from farmers' fields.

71791. No. 1. 71794. No. 5.

71792. No. 2. 71795. No. 15.

71793. No. 4. 71796. No. 18.

71797. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fabaceae. Pigeon pea.

From St. Thomas, Virgin Islands. Seeds presented by F. Quinones, agricultural assistant, Department of Agriculture, Commerce, and Labor. Received January 28, 1927.

Locally grown seeds.

71798. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fabaceae. Pigeon pea.

From Giza, Egypt. Seeds presented by Mah Abaza, director, horticultural section, Ministry of Agriculture. Received January 28, 1927.

Locally grown seeds; this is the only type in our gardens. (Abaza.)

71799 and 71800. GARCINIA DULCIS (Roxb.) Kurz. Clusiaceae.

From Passeroean, Java. Seeds presented by Dr. J. de Vries, Government horticulturist. Received January 29, 1927.

An East Indian evergreen tree, up to 40 feet high, with yellow fruits the size of a lime. Of possible use as stock for the mangosteen.

For previous introduction see No. 68028.

71799. No. 4. 71800. No. 5.

71801. PRUNUS ARMENIACA L. Amygdalaceae. Apricot.

From Fez, Morocco, North Africa. Seeds obtained through H. Earle Russell, American consul, Casa Blanca, Morocco. Received January 28, 1927.

A native Moroccan variety. The tree becomes unusually large and flowers and fruits several weeks earlier than the French apricot.

71802. TRITICUM AESTIVUM L. (T. vulgare Vill.). Poaceae.

Common wheat.

From Kotgarh, Simla Hills, India. Seeds presented by Richard B. Gregg. Received January 21, 1927.

A winter variety of white wheat.

71803 to 71820.

From Luchenza, Nyasaland Protectorate, Africa. Seeds presented by L. S. Norman. Received January 22, 1927.

71803. ALYSICARPUS RUGOSUS (Willd.) DC. Fabaceae.

An erect annual legume, native to southern Asia and Africa. The tough stems are 3 to 4 feet high, and the roots bear nitrogen nodules.

For previous introduction see No. 41894.

71804. BRASSICA sp. Brassicaceae.

Piro No. 1. The leaves of this plant are boiled and eaten as a vegetable by the natives of Nyasaland.

71805. BRASSICA sp. Brassicaceae.

Piro No. 2. A rapidly growing plant the leaves of which are boiled and eaten as a vegetable by the natives of Nyasaland.

71806 to 71810. CROTALARIA spp. Fabaceae.

Native leguminous plants, of possible use as cover plants.

71806. CROTALARIA sp.

A yellow-flowered shrub.